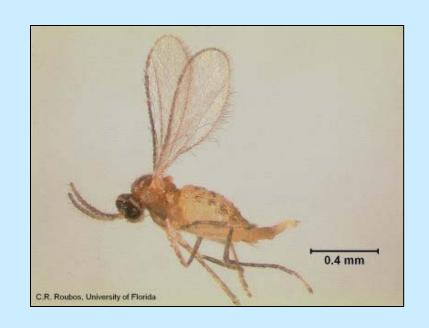
Monitoring and distribution of blueberry gall midge, Dasineura oxycoccana Johnson, in Rabbiteye blueberries in Florida

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Blueberry gall midge

- Dasineura oxycoccana Johnson
- Pupae overwinter in soil
- Adult females lay eggs in developing buds



Up to 80% yield loss

Injury





Leaf bud Flower bud

Monitoring

- Bucket emergence trap
 - Roubos 2009

- Clear panel trap
 - Cook et al. 2011



 Comparable except at low population levels (Rhodes et al. 2014)

Objectives

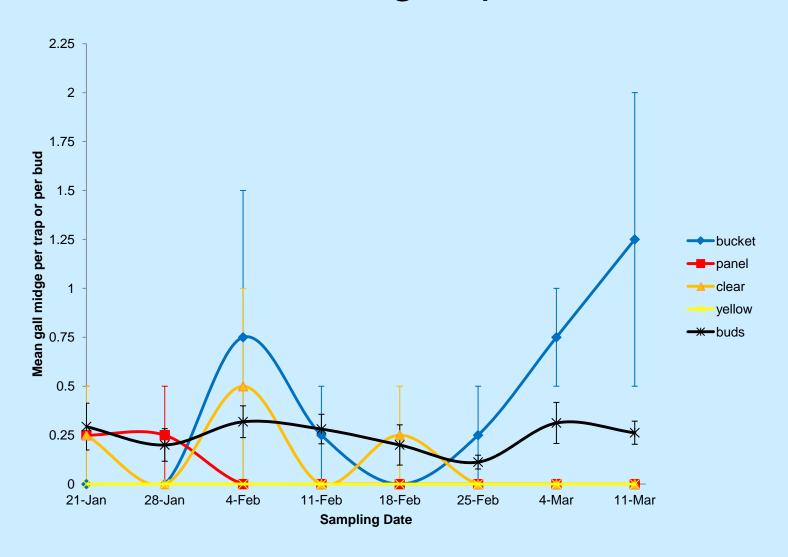
- To compare the efficacy of a clear sticky sheet and a yellow sticky trap hung unfolded to that of panel traps
- To look at the effect of trap height on clear sticky sheet trap efficacy
- To determine optimum placement for the bucket trap

Methods: trap comparison 2014

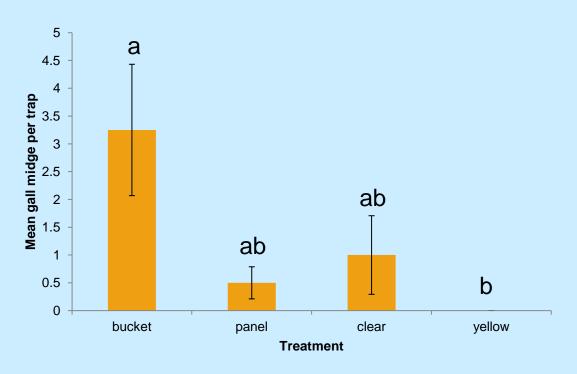
- 4 replicates of 4 treatments in RCBD
 - Bucket emergence trap
 - Clear panel trap
 - Clear sticky sheet
 - Yellow sticky trap hung unfolded
- Traps checked weekly
- Buds collected weekly to monitor larval population
- January March 2014



Results: Mean midges per week 2014



Results: Mean midges for the season 2014



$$P = 0.054$$

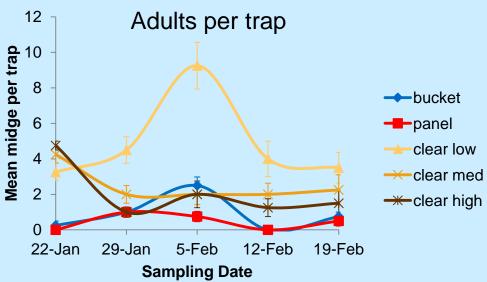
Summary 2014

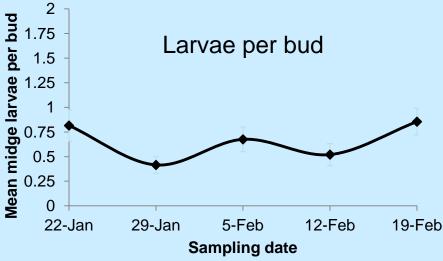
- Yellow sticky traps hung unfolded caught no midges
- Midge populations were very low
- Clear sticky sheets appear to be as effective as panel traps

Methods: trap height 2015

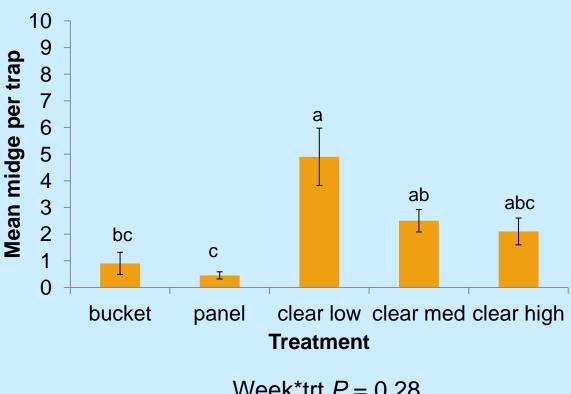
- Gainesville FL blueberry farm in rabbiteye blueberries
- 4 replicates of 5 treatments in RCBD
 - Bucket emergence trap
 - Clear panel trap
 - Clear sticky sheet low (bottom ~ 5 cm from ground)
 - Clear sticky sheet medium (middle of bush)
 - Clear sticky sheet high (top of trap at top of bush)
- Traps changed out weekly
- Buds collected weekly to monitor larval population

Results: trap height 2015





Results: trap height 2015



Week*trt P = 0.28Trt P < 0.0001

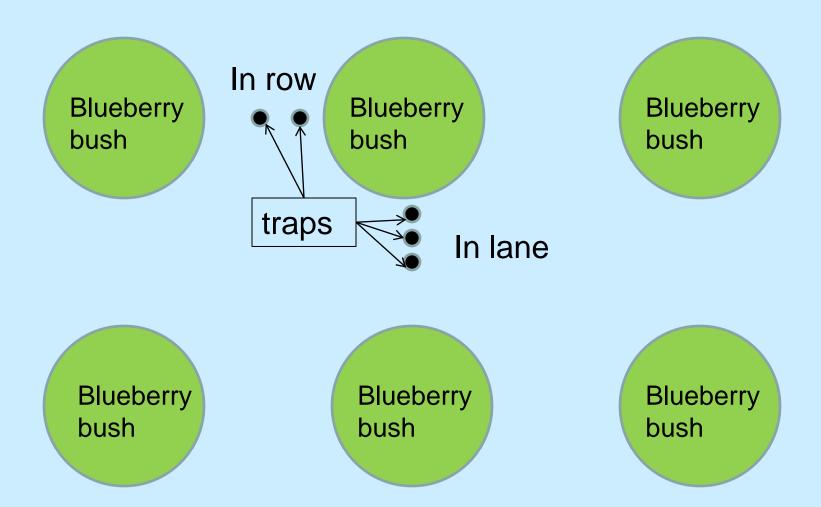
Summary: trap height 2015

- The clear sticky sheet hung with the bottom ~
 5 cm from the ground performed the best
- High variation in blueberry bush height may have masked differences in trap height
- Low counts from bucket emergence traps could be due to the overgrown field making proper placement difficult

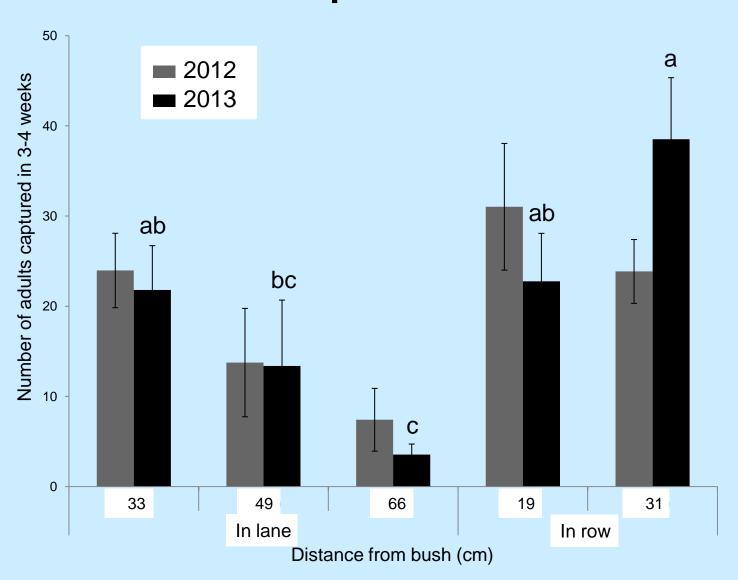
Methods: Pupal distribution in the soil

- 3 reps of 5 traps
 - 2 traps within the row 4 and 16 cm from outer shoots of the bush (19 and 31 cm from the trunk)
 - 3 traps perpendicular to the row at 18, 34, and 51 cm from the trunk
- Traps moved weekly to sample new patch of ground
 - 5 weeks in 2012
 - 3 weeks in 2013

Experimental layout



Results: Pupal distribution



Pupal distribution summary

 78% of gall midge larvae pupate within 48 cm of blueberry plants

Conclusions

- Clear sticky sheets are an effective monitoring tool
- Hanging the clear sticky sheets ~5 cm above the ground appears to be the most effective
- Bucket traps should be placed within 48 cm of blueberry bushes

Future Research

Adding an attractant to the clear sticky sheet trap

Acknowledgements

- Dr. Oscar Liburd
- Dr. Nicole Benda
- Small Fruits IPM Lab staff and students

- Gainesville organic blueberry farm
- SSARE for funding

